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Risks that are beyond our control, including but not limited to acts of terrorism or related acts of war, natural disasters, hostile cyber intrusions, outbreak of infectious diseases, theft or other catastrophic events, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Energy generation facilities that we acquired from our Sponsor as Contributed Projects or those that we otherwise acquire in the future, including the Call Right Projects, Third-Party Call Right Projects and any SunEdison ROFO Projects, and the properties of unaffiliated third parties on which they may be located, may be targets of terrorist activities, as well as events occurring in response to or in connection with them, that could cause environmental repercussions and/or result in full or partial disruption of the facilities' ability to generate, transmit, transport or distribute electricity. Strategic targets, such as energy-related facilities, may be at greater risk of future terrorist activities than other domestic targets. Hostile cyber intrusions, including those targeting information systems as well as electronic control systems used at the generating plants and for the related distribution systems, could severely disrupt business operations and result in loss of service to customers, as well as create significant expense to repair security breaches or system damage. Additionally, jurisdictions in which we operate have experienced political instability. For example, Thailand experienced a coup d'état in May 2014. Events such as these may negatively impact favorable regulatory frameworks and governmental incentives that currently support our projects. If additional events such as these occur in the future, our results of operations may be negatively impacted.

Furthermore, in the future we may acquire projects and may conduct operations located in regions that are susceptible to natural disasters. The occurrence of a natural disaster, such as an earthquake, drought, flood, or typhoon, or localized extended outages of critical utilities or transportation systems, or any critical resource shortages, affecting us, SunEdison or third parties from whom we may seek to acquire projects in the future, could cause a significant interruption in our business, damage or destroy our facilities or those of our suppliers or the manufacturing equipment or inventory of our suppliers.

Additionally, certain of our power generation assets and equipment are at risk for theft, vandalism and damage. Although theft of equipment is rare, its occurrence can be significantly disruptive to our operations. For example, because we utilize copper wire as an essential component in our electricity generation and transportation infrastructure, we are at risk for copper wire theft due to an increased demand for copper. Theft of copper wire or solar panels can cause significant disruption to our operations for a period of months and can lead to operating losses at those locations.

Any such terrorist acts, environmental repercussions or disruptions, outbreak of infectious diseases resulting in quarantine or travel restrictions, natural disasters, or theft incidents could result in a significant decrease in revenues or significant reconstruction, remediation or replacement costs, beyond what could be recovered through insurance policies, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The accounting treatment for many aspects of our energy business is complex and any changes to the accounting interpretations or accounting rules governing our energy business could have a material adverse effect on our GAAP-reported results of operations and financial results.

The accounting treatment for many aspects of our energy business is complex, and our future results could be adversely affected by changes in the accounting treatment applicable to our energy business. In particular, any changes to the accounting rules regarding the following matters may require us to change the manner in which we operate and finance our energy business:

- revenue recognition and related timing;
- related-party contracts;